

Honor the Past, Learn for the Future.

What Does A **Safe Sleep Environment** Look Like?

The image below shows a safe infant sleep environment.

Baby should not sleep in an adult bed, on a couch, or on a chair alone, with you, or with anyone else.

Baby's sleep area is in the same room, next to where parents sleep.

Do not smoke or let anyone else smoke around your baby.

Use a firm and flat sleep surface like a cradleboard, or a mattress in a safety-approved crib*, covered by a fitted sheet.



Do not put pillows, blankets, sheepskins, or crib bumpers anywhere in your baby's sleep area.

Keep soft objects, toys, and loose bedding out of your baby's sleep area. Make sure nothing covers the baby's head.

Dress your baby in sleep clothing, such as a wearable blanket. Do not use a loose blanket, and do not overbundle.

Always place babies on their backs to sleep, for naps and at night.



Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development



HEALTHY
NATIVE BABIES
A Program of the
National Institutes
of Health

* A crib, bassinet, portable crib, or play yard that follows the safety standards of the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) is recommended. For information on crib safety, contact the CPSC at 1-800-638-2772 or <http://www.cpsc.gov>.

Safe Sleep For Your Baby

Reduce the Risk of Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS) and Other Sleep-Related Causes of Infant Death



Always place babies on their backs to sleep, for naps and at night, to reduce the risk of SIDS.



Use a firm and flat sleep surface like a cradleboard, or a mattress in a safety-approved crib*, covered by a fitted sheet with no other bedding or soft items in the sleep area.



Share your room with baby. Keep baby in your room close to your bed, but on a separate surface designed for infants, ideally for baby's first year, but at least for the first 6 months.



Do not put soft objects, toys, crib bumpers, or loose bedding under baby, over baby, or anywhere in baby's sleep area.

To reduce the risk of SIDS, women should:



Get regular prenatal care during pregnancy.



Avoid smoking, drinking alcohol, and using marijuana or illegal drugs during pregnancy or after the baby is born.



Do not smoke during pregnancy, and do not smoke or allow smoking around your baby or in your baby's environment.



Think about giving your baby a pacifier for naps and at night. Wait until breastfeeding is well established (often by 3 to 4 weeks) before offering a pacifier.



Do not let your baby get too hot during sleep.



Breastfeed your baby to reduce the risk of SIDS. Breastfeeding has many health benefits for mother and baby. If you fall asleep while feeding or comforting baby in an adult bed, place baby back in a separate sleep area as soon as you wake up.



Follow guidance from your health care provider on your baby's vaccines and regular health checkups.



Avoid products that go against safe sleep recommendations, especially those that claim to prevent or reduce the risk for SIDS.



Do not use heart or breathing monitors in the home to reduce the risk of SIDS.



Give babies plenty of tummy time when they are awake and someone is watching.

For more information about the Safe to Sleep® campaign, contact us:

Phone: 1-800-505-CRIB (2742) | **Fax:** 1-866-760-5947

Email: SafetoSleep@mail.nih.gov

Website: <http://safetosleep.nichd.nih.gov>

Mail: 31 Center Drive, 31/2A32, Bethesda, MD 20892-2425

Federal Relay Service: Dial 7-1-1

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