



Innovative Models for Preventing School Readiness Disparities in Pediatric Primary Care

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The problem:

Poverty-related disparities

<u>across developmental domains</u> begin in
early childhood and impact educational,
economic and health outcomes

<u>throughout life</u>



Guiding Principles

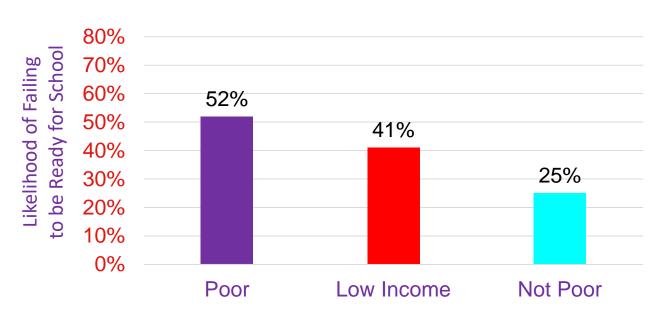
 Need for primary prevention beginning in early childhood, prior to emergence of problems

• Positive parenting activities are an important target for intervention given cross-domain impacts

 Pediatric primary care represents a low-cost, universal, population-scalable platform for promotion of parenting and school readiness



More than 50% of Children in Poverty Fail to be Ready for School: *Major Public Health Crisis*



Brookings Institution, 2012 Analysis of ECLS-B



Early disparities become persistent gaps that widen over time

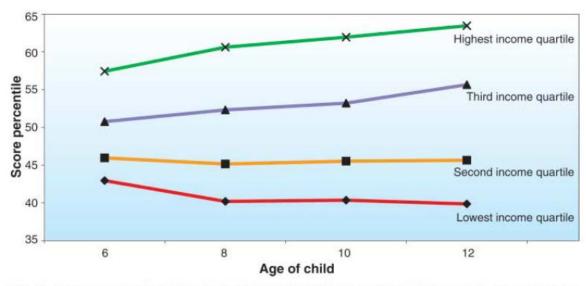
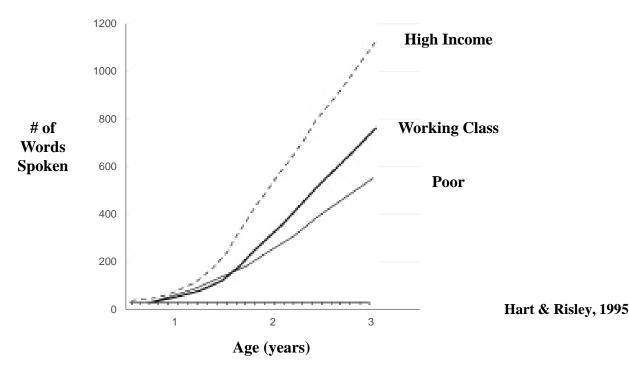


Fig. 1. Average percentile rank on Peabody Individual Achievement Test–Math score by age and income quartile. Income quartiles are computed from average family income between the ages of 6 and 10. Adapted from (3) with permission from MIT Press.

Heckman JJ. Skill formation and the economics of investing in disadvantaged children. Science. 2006;312:1900
Carneiro P, Heckman JJ. In *Inequality in America: What Role for Human Capital Policies?* Heckman jj, Krueger AB, MIT Press 2003, chapter 2, pp 77-237.



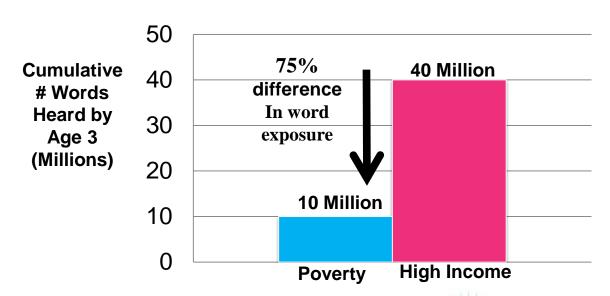
Disparities begin in *very early childhood* & *across developmental domains*





Parent-Child Interactions: Account for 50% of disparities

"The 30 million word gap"







Positive Parenting Behaviors that Facilitate Parent-Child Interactions are Important Targets for *Intervention*

Shared bookreading





Adult-supported play



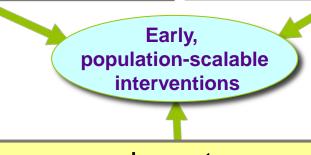
Pediatric Primary Care: <u>Universal</u> Platform for Promoting Parenting and School Readiness

Population-level accessibility:

- Medicaid and CHIP expansion
 - ~90% of children now covered for primary care
 - >90% children 0-5 attend well-child care each year
- 13-15 recommended visits from birth 5 yrs

High engagement:

- Opportunity to build on existing relationships and parent goals
- Medical home models further promotes this relationship



Low cost:

Builds on existing staff, infrastructure, and visits



Most studied, proven primary care intervention: Reach Out and Read





Waiting room volunteers & staff:

Model reading activities

Boston City Hospital , 198
Barry Zuckerman, M.D.
Robert Needlman, M.D.
Kathleen Fitzgerald Rice, M.S.Ed
Perri Klass, M.D. (now NYU)



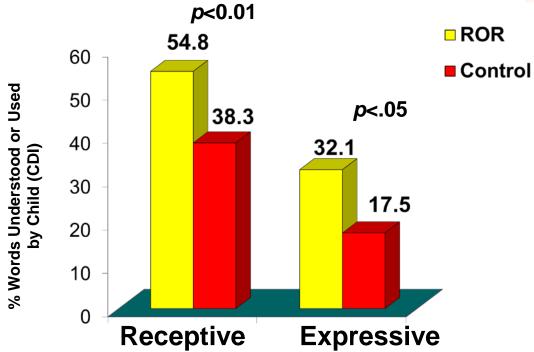
Health care providers:

- Counsel parents about the importance of reading
- Distribute free children's books (10-14 books over 5 years)



ROR: 50% Increase in *Toddler Vocabulary*





ROR experience has *proven* that pediatric primary care can be effectively utilized as a *universal*, *population*-scalable platform for *low cost* prevention



- >15 studies show impacts (reading aloud, vocabulary)
- >25% of all low income US children ages 6 months to
 5 years are reached by ROR: 4.7 million children
- Estimated cost: \$25/child/year
 - 1% cost of home visiting
 - Policy perspective: rounding error







Birth to 5 program designed as enhancement to ROR:

- 1. Coach working 1-on-1 with families
- 2. Promotion of play, reading aloud, teaching and talking
- 3. Core activity: Video-recording of parent-child interaction followed by review of video to promote self-reflection

Relatively low cost:

~\$175-\$200 / child / year









Program structure

Key program components

Anticipated Outcomes

Coach meets
with family in
one-on-one
sessions at every
well-child visit

- Sessions last 25-30 mins
 - 14 sessions birth to age 3

1. Provision of toys & books to take home

Access to materials that facilitate interactions



Video Interaction Project (VIP) Provision of Learning Materials





Key program Anticipated Outcomes Program structure components Access to materials 1. Provision of toys & books that facilitate to take home interactions Coach meets with family in one-on-one sessions at every 2. Parent guides with well-child visit **Knowledge & skills** suggested activities and guided planning Sessions last 25-30 mins - 14 sessions birth to age 3



VIP Guide

Interactive Pamphlets Build on Parent's Goals

Caregiver's Name:



Date:

| My Baby Today | ismonths old! | What I've noticed: What to look for: Coos and squeals. Imitates your smiles. Lifts her head to look during tummy time. | Tips: When your baby smiles or makes a sound, you smile too or can make the same sound back. Talk about things you are doing while feeding, bathing, dressing. Talk as your baby lifts his head. Say a word that describes what she's looking at. |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Reading, Playing, and Talking Together | Ideas for today's toy: See if your baby watches as you move the toy. Label parts and colors on the toy. Place the toy near the baby so he can feel the texture. | My Video My goals: What I liked: | Find time every day to read, play, and talk (best with TV off). Looking forward to our visit at months! |





Key program Program structure Anticipated Outcomes components Access to materials 1. Provision of toys & books that facilitate to take home interactions Coach meets with family in one-on-one sessions at every 2. Parent guides with well-child visit **Knowledge & skills** suggested activities and quided planning Sessions last 25-30 mins - 14 sessions birth to age 3 3. Videotaping and **Parenting** guided review of parent-child self-efficacy reading and/or play



Video Interaction Project (VIP) Making of the Video recording





Watched together by parent-child specialist and parent

- Positive interactions observed and reinforced
- Additional opportunities for interactions identified
- DVD/video given to parent to take home to share with family



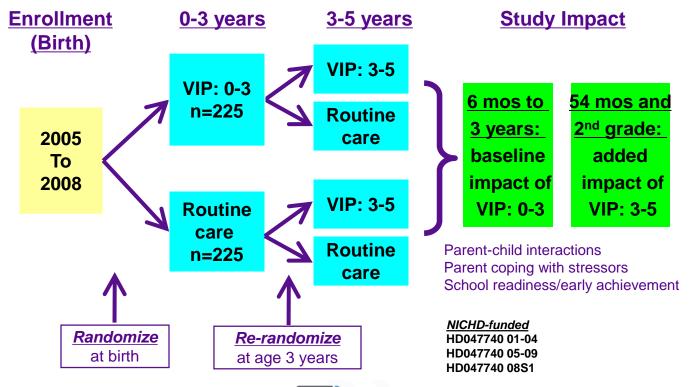
Video Interaction Project

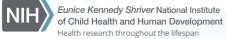


Video Interaction Project Research



BELLE Project: Factorial RCT







VIP Research: Published findings

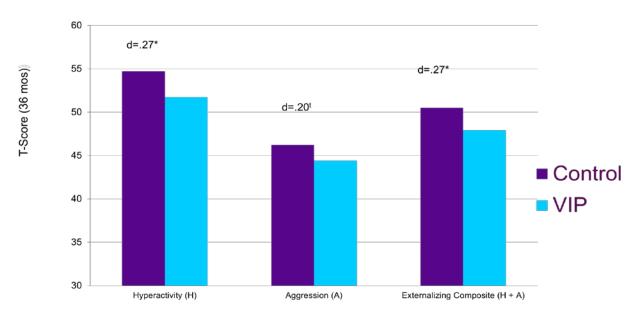
- Increased parent-child interactions
 - Enhanced reading, play, talking, teaching (Mendelsohn, 2011a; Cates, in press)
 - Reduced screen time (Mendelsohn, 2011b)
 - Reduced physical punishment (Canfield, 2015)
- Enhanced psychosocial functioning
 - Reduced maternal depressive symptoms (Berkule, 2014)
 - Reduced parenting stress (Cates, 2015)
- Improved child development
 - Enhanced language, cognition (Mendelsohn, 2005, 2007, 2013)
 - Enhanced social-emotional development (Weisleder, 2016; Mendelsohn, 2018)







VIP 0-3 impacts on Social-emotional Development: Large Reductions in Behavior Problems at 3 years



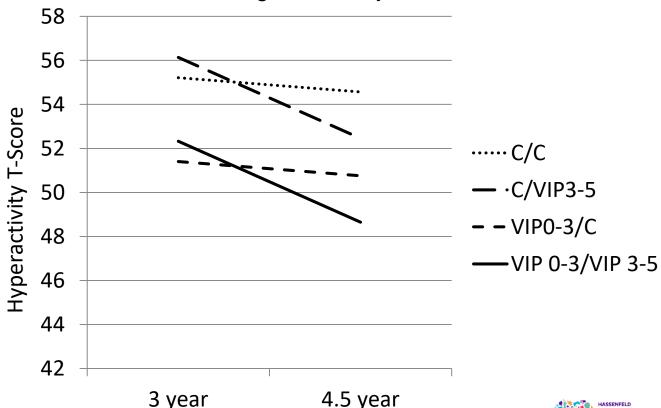
d: Cohen's d **p<.05, ^tp<.10 Weisleder et al, Pediatrics, 2016

BASC Subscale

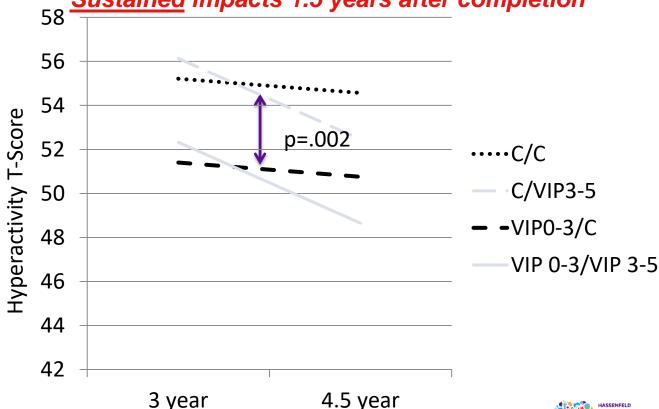




Trajectories (MLM) of VIP 0-3 and 3-5 - impacts on behavior: Age 3 to 4.5 years

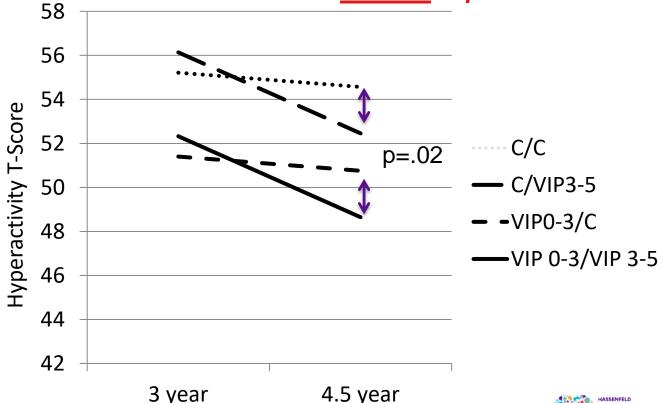


Trajectory (MLM): *Main effect of VIP 0-3*<u>Sustained impacts 1.5 years after completion</u>

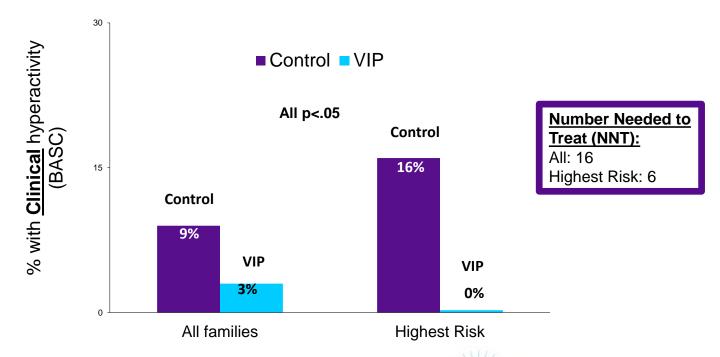




Trajectory (MLM): **Group by age interaction showing VIP 3-5 additive impacts**

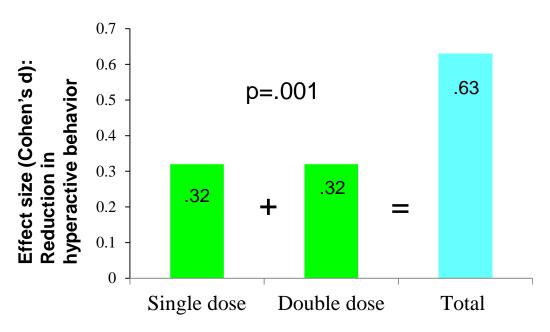


VIP 0-3 impacts on Behavior Problems: Impacts on Clinical Level Hyperactivity at 4.5 years





Dose impact: *Extending* VIP to 5 years doubled reductions in behavior problems

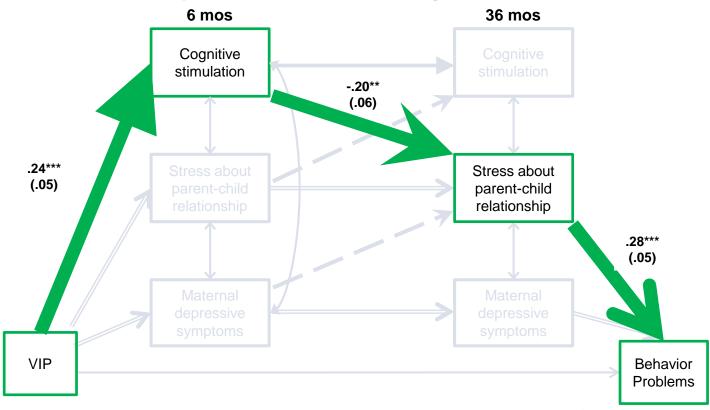


Mendelsohn et al, Pediatrics, 2018





Pathways of Impact: VIP → Parent Child Interactions →Psychosocial functioning → Behavior



VIP: Work in Progress



VIP: Preparation for Scaling

- Full manualization of VIP 0-3
 - VIP 3-5 in progress
- 3 day training course for interventionists
- Design of materials to support fidelity
- Blueprint for VIP Center of Excellence to support implementation:
 - Nonprofit business plan, organizational structure



VIP: Scaling Presently Underway

New York City

- New York City Council: City's First Readers (NYC)
 - Citywide primary prevention linking health care (ROR+VIP) to community (libraries, home visiting); DHHS/HRSA Bridging the Word Gap Research Collaborative
 - Implementation sites: Bellevue Hospital Center, Woodhull Medical Center (Brooklyn), Children's Aid (Harlem; foster families)
- NYC DOHMH early childhood initiative
 - Elmhurst as prototype for implementation across NYC H+H (Queens, in progress)
- NYU Community Service Plan
 - NYU Langone Family Health
- Public Health Solutions
 - WIC Programs (in progress)
- NYU Center for the Study of Asian-American Health
 - Gouverneur (NIMHD Research COE; Chinese-American families; in progress)

National

- Pittsburgh,PA
 - Integration within Smart Beginnings model (VIP+home visiting; NICHD-funded)
 - Allegheny County Department of Health (in progress)
- Flint, MI
 - Hurley Medical Center (in context of community-level trauma)



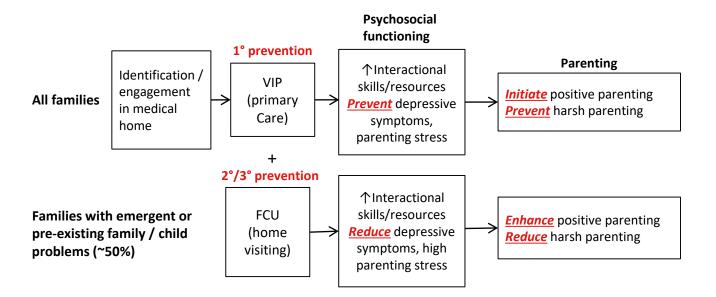
Smart Beginnings: Integrated, tiered model linking VIP to home visits for families at increased risk

- Universal 1º prevention in primary care
 - ROR+VIP at every well child visit for all families
- Tiered 2°/3° prevention through home visiting
 - Family Check Up at 6, 18 and 30 months
 - Families with identified risks (mental health, child behavior)
- Two site RCT: NYC and Pittsburgh
 - NICHD: 1R01HD076390 (MPI Morris, Mendelsohn, Shaw)
 - Progress to date
 - Enrollment of 400 parent-child dyads complete
 - Follow up through 2 years in progress (n~100)
 - Preliminary findings: large impacts on parenting and behavior



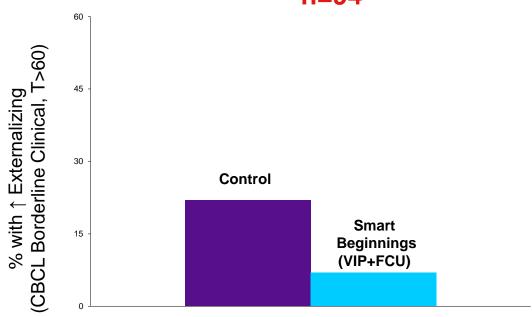


Smart Beginnings Conceptual Model





Smart Beginnings (Integrated VIP + FCU) Reduction in Externalizing Behavior at 24 months n=94



Morris, Mendelsohn, Shaw R01 Preliminary Data





International adaptation of work (Boa Vista, Brazil)

- Partnership with:
 - City of Boa Vista: Mayor-led initiative
 - Instituto Alfa e Beto: Non-profit foundation

Parenting workshops

Parenting workshops in child care (Casas Mae)

- Challenges: low literacy, severe material hardship
- Intervention modeled on:
 - 1. ROR: Book-lending program, anticipatory guidance
 - 2. VIP: Identification of strengths / self-reflection during parent groups
- Cluster RCT: 22 Centers, 500+ children
- Large impacts on reading aloud and child development

(Weisleder, Pediatrics, 2018)



Policy Implications of Findings

Level of prevention

- Need for 1° prevention for all families in poverty given broad risk
 - Low intensity 1º prevention programs can have large impacts
- Integrated $1^{\circ} + 2^{\circ}/3^{\circ}$ likely to have greatest population-level impact

Platform

 Pediatric primary care: potential for universal access and linkage to other platforms such as home visiting; need for increased research

Strategies

- Facilitate engagement and maximize impact through specific strategies:
 relationship/strengths-based, universal/non-stigmatizing, family-centered
- Enhancement of positive parenting can have cascading impacts across domains of development



Support

- NIH / NICHD:
 - HD047740 01-04; HD047740 05-09; HD047740 08S1 (Mendelsohn)
 - 1R01HD076390 (MPI Morris, Mendelsohn, Shaw)
- Foundations:
 - Tiger Foundation
 - Marks Family Foundation
 - Children of Bellevue, Inc.
 - KiDS of NYU Foundation, Inc.
- New York City Council
 - City's First Readers
 - Discretionary funding
- Academic Pediatric Association:
 - Young Investigator Programs (Reach Out and Read, MCHB/Bright Futures)



BELLE/Smart Beginnings Collaborators and Project Team

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Thank you!

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Questions?

